



PART 02_TESTS WITH KEY, FLASHCARDS

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Lesson 01_travelling by car and by train_vocabulary_TEST

- parking
- out of
- take a test
- car
- opposite
- truck
- carefully
- turn
- a driving instructor
- a motorbike
- an electric car
- garage
- fast
- fasten
- first
- fixed
- car keys
- forward
- fuel
- mud
- turn left
- cruise control
- drive, drove, driven
- journey
- tank
- tyre
- lift
- slow
- car park
- lost
- return ticket
- park
- the
- road
- overtake
- engine
- distance
- lock
- rent
- wheel
- return
- single ticket
- on the right

- I prefer this red car.
- a sports car
- Is the car for you?
- left
- crash
- get directions
- find
- belt
- highway
- a driving licence
- turn right
- arrive
- narrow
- easy to park
- drive
- their
- airbag
- licence plate
- a theory test
- a practical test
- have
- speed
- wide
- manual
- get into a car
- petrol
- limit
- vehicle
- gear lever
- bus
- taxi
- train

Lesson 01_travelling by car and by train_vocabulary_Key

- parking
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- fast
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- fixed
- car keys
- forward
- fuel
- mud
- turn left
- cruise control
- drive, drove, driven
- journey
- tank
- tyre
- lift
- slow
- car park
- lost
- return ticket
- park
- the
- road
- overtake
- engine
- distance
- lock
- rent
- wheel
- return
- single ticket
- on the right
- un parking, un stationnement
- hors de
- passer un examen
- une voiture
- opposé(e)
- un camion
- avec précaution, prudemment
- tourner
- un moniteur d'auto-école
- une moto
- une voiture électrique
- un garage
- rapide
- attacher
- premier/première
- fixé, réparé
- les clés de voiture
- avant, avancer
- un carburant
- une boue
- tourner à gauche
- un régulateur de vitesse
- conduire
- un voyage
- un réservoir
- un pneu
- emmener qqun
- lent, lente
- un parking
- perdu(e)
- un billet de retour
- se garer
- le, la
- une route
- doubler
- un moteur
- une distance
- verrouiller
- louer
- une roue
- rendre
- un billet aller simple
- sur la droite

- I prefer this red car.
- a sports car
- Is the car for you?
- left
- crash
- get directions
- find
- belt
- highway
- a driving licence
- turn right
- arrive
- narrow
- easy to park
- drive
- their
- airbag
- licence plate
- a theory test
- a practical test
- have
- speed
- wide
- manual
- get into a car
- petrol
- limit
- vehicle
- gear lever
- bus
- taxi
- train

- Je préfère cette voiture rouge.
- une voiture de sport
- La voiture est-elle pour toi ?
- à gauche
- écraser
- obtenir des directions
- trouver
- une ceinture
- une autoroute
- un permis de conduire
- tourner à droite
- arriver
- étroit(e)
- facile à garer
- conduire
- leur
- un coussin gonflable
- une plaque d'immatriculation
- un test de code
- un examen pratique
- avoir
- une vitesse
- large
- manuel
- monter dans une voiture
- une essence
- une limite
- un véhicule
- un levier de vitesse
- un bus
- un taxi
- un train

Lesson 01_travelling by car and by train_context sentences_TEST

- Drive carefully.
- Is parking allowed here?
- It is a sports car
- When did they crash the car?
- At the next crossing turn right.
- Do you have a driving licence?
- What is the volume of this tank?
- When do we have to return it?
- Please stay on the right lane.
- We're out of petrol.
- Is the gear manual or automatic?
- The car had a French licence plate.
- The car is fixed.
- I spend much time behind the wheel.
- Turn left!
- The roads are muddy.
- At the next crossing turn left.
- I prefer this red car. But I prefer the green
one.
- Where did you park?
- It is my first car.
- Where can we rent a car?
- The engine is broken.
- We had a flat tyre.
- Can you give me a lift?
- It is an electric car
- Find the nearest car park.
- Take the highway, it's faster.
- Fasten your seatbelt.
- He arrives every Saturday.
- Don't forget to lock your cars.
- The airbag can save your life.
- The vehicle is broken.
- Are we going by bus?
- One way or return ticket?
- Move forward, please.
- Where can we find a taxi?
- Follow this road.
- The car ran out of petrol.
- Is there a cruise control in the car?
- Safe journey!
- What is the distance between the two
cities?
- He drove twenty hours in a row.

- Streets are wide.
- He is in the car.
- Can I borrow your car?
- Don't go so fast!
- We were taken over by him.
- Is it their car?
- Can you handle the gear lever?
- We are lost.
- Is there a garage in the building?
- It is at the opposite end of the road.
- Can you drive?
- Is the car for you? I hope so.
- When are you taking the test?
- There are many trucks on the road.
- It is easy to park.
- Turn right! Turn left! Turn around!
- Please get into the car.
- Practical tests are difficult.
- We need to pass a theory test.
- One single ticket, please.
- This car is unsafe at any speed.
- Do you have a car?
- Where can we get some fuel?
- Slow down!
- Let's find it on the map.
- Where can we get directions?
- Did you fasten your seatbelt?
- The driving instructor is strict.
- You cannot pass the limit.
- Where are my car keys?
- I have a motorbike
- Let's go by train.
- The streets are quite narrow, be careful.

Lesson 01_travelling by car and by train_context sentences_Key

- Drive carefully.
- Is parking allowed here?
- It is a sports car
- When did they crash the car?
- At the next crossing turn right.
- Do you have a driving licence?
- What is the volume of this tank?
- When do we have to return it?
- Please stay on the right lane.
- We're out of petrol.
- Is the gear manual or automatic?
- The car had a French licence plate.
- The car is fixed.
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- I prefer this red car. But I prefer the green one.
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- The engine is broken.
- We had a flat tyre.
- Can you give me a lift?
- It is an electric car
- Find the nearest car park.
- Take the highway, it's faster.
- Fasten your seatbelt.
- He arrives every Saturday.
- Don't forget to lock your cars.
- The airbag can save your life.
- The vehicle is broken.
- Are we going by bus?
- One way or return ticket?
- Move forward, please.
- Where can we find a taxi?
- Follow this road.
- The car ran out of petrol.
- Is there a cruise control in the car?
- Safe journey!
- Conduisez prudemment.
- Le stationnement est-il autorisé ici ?
- C'est une voiture de sport.
- Quand la voiture a-t-elle été écrasée ?
- Au prochain croisement, tournez à droite.
- Avez-vous le permis de conduire ?
- Quel est le volume de ce réservoir ?
- Quand devons-nous le rendre ?
- Restez sur la voie de droite, s'il vous plaît.
- Nous n'avons plus d'essence.
- La boîte de vitesses est-elle manuelle ou automatique ?
 - La voiture avait une plaque d'immatriculation française.
 - La voiture est réparée.
 - Je passe beaucoup de temps au volant.
 - Tournez à gauche !
 - Les routes sont boueuses.
 - Au prochain croisement, tournez à gauche.
 - Je préfère cette voiture rouge. Mais moi, je préfère la verte.
- Où as-tu garé la voiture ?
- C'est ma première voiture.
- Ou pouvons-nous louer une voiture ?
- Le moteur est cassé.
- Nous avons eu un pneu crevé.
- Pouvez-vous m'emmener ?
- C'est une voiture électrique.
- Trouve le parking le plus proche.
- Prends l'autoroute, c'est plus rapide.
- Attachez votre ceinture.
- Il arrive tous les samedis.
- N'oubliez pas de verrouiller vos voitures.
- Le coussin gonflable peut te sauver la vie.
- Le véhicule est en panne.
- Allons-nous en bus ?
- Aller simple ou aller-retour ?
- Avancez, s'il vous plaît.
- Où pouvons-nous trouver un taxi ?
- Suivez cette route.
- La voiture est tombée en panne d'essence.
- Y a-t-il un régulateur de vitesse dans la voiture ?
- Bon voyage !

• What is the distance between the two cities?

- He drove twenty hours in a row.
- Streets are wide.
- He is in the car.
- Can I borrow your car?
- Don't go so fast!
- We were taken over by him.
- Is it their car?
- Can you handle the gear lever?
- We are lost.
- Is there a garage in the building?
- It is at the opposite end of the road.
- Can you drive?
- Is the car for you? I hope so.
- When are you taking the test?
- There are many trucks on the road.
- It is easy to park.

- Turn right! Turn left! Turn around!
- Please get into the car.
- Practical tests are difficult.
- We need to pass a theory test.
- One single ticket, please.

- This car is unsafe at any speed.
- Do you have a car?
- Where can we get some fuel?
- Slow down!
- Let's find it on the map.
- Where can we get directions?
- Did you fasten your seatbelt?
- The driving instructor is strict.
- You cannot pass the limit.
- Where are my car keys?
- I have a motorbike
- Let's go by train.
- The streets are quite narrow, be careful.

- Quelle est la distance entre les deux villes ?
- Il a conduit vingt heures d'affilée.
- Les rues sont larges.
- Il est dans la voiture.
- Puis-je emprunter ta voiture ?
- N'y vas pas si vite !
- Il nous a doublé.
- Est-ce leur voiture ?
- Peux-tu manipuler le levier de vitesse ?
- Nous sommes perdus.
- Y a-t-il un garage dans l'immeuble ?
- C'est à l'autre extrémité de la route.
- Sais-tu conduire ?
- La voiture est-elle pour toi ? J'espère bien.
- Quand passez-vous le test ?
- Il y a beaucoup de camions sur la route.
- C'est facile à garer.
- Tourne à droite ! Tourne à gauche ! Fais demi-tour !
- Montez dans la voiture, s'il vous plaît.
- Les tests pratiques sont difficiles.
- Nous devons passer un test théorique.
- Un billet aller simple, s'il vous plaît.
- Cette voiture n'est pas sûre a n'importe quelle vitesse.
- As-tu une voiture ?
- Où pouvons-nous trouver du carburant ?
- Ralentis !
- Trouvons-le sur la carte.
- Où pouvons-nous obtenir des directions ?
- As tu attaché ta ceinture de sécurité ?
- Le moniteur d'auto-école est sévère.
- Tu ne peux pas dépasser la limite.
- Où sont mes clés de voiture ?
- J'ai une moto.
- Allons-y en train.
- Les rues sont assez étroites, fais attention.

Lesson 02_travelling by plane_vocabulary_TEST

- economy
- crowded
- over
- book flights online
- a gate
- arrival
- arrive at
- visa
- want to catch
- clean
- duty free shop
- lounge
- take off
- a flight
- customs
- across
- airline
- directly
- Can I see your passport and boarding pass,
please?
- class
- passenger
- land
- down
- passport control
- departure lounge
- fly, flew, flown
- purpose
- a British company
- passport
- fill
- Dutch
- arrivals
- unattended
- terminal
- trolley
- landing
- weight
- take-off
- international
- stopover
- departure
- connecting flight

- check-in desk
- security check
- exit
- platform
- security
- for example
- private
- aisle
- crew
- bag
- content
- through
- air traveller
- an American company
- pockets
- shuttle bus
- bag drop
- flight
- accident
- fly
- none
- gates
- seat belts

Lesson 02_travelling by plane_vocabulary_Key

- economy
- crowded
- over
- book flights online
- a gate
- arrival
- arrive at
- visa
- want to catch
- clean
- duty free shop
- lounge
- take off
- a flight
- customs
- across
- airline
- directly
- Can I see your passport and boarding pass, please?
- class
- passenger
- land
- down
- passport control
- departure lounge
- fly, flew, flown
- purpose
- a British company
- passport
- fill
- Dutch
- arrivals
- unattended
- terminal
- trolley
- landing
- weight
- take-off
- international
- stopover
- departure
- connecting flight
- économique
- bondé(e)
- sur
- réserver des vols en ligne
- une porte d'embarquement
- une arrivée
- arriver à
- un visa
- vouloir prendre
- nettoyer
- une boutique hors taxes
- un salon
- décoller
- un vol
- un contrôle douanier
- à travers de
- une compagnie aérienne
- directement
- Puis-je voir votre passeport et votre carte d'embarquement, s'il vous plaît ?
- une classe
- un passager
- atterrir
- en bas
- un contrôle des passeports
- une salle d'embarquement
- voler, volé
- un objectif, un but
- une société britannique
- un passeport
- remplir
- hollandais(e), néerlandais(e)
- des arrivées
- sans surveillance
- un terminal
- un chariot
- un atterrissage
- un poids
- un décollage
- international(e)
- une escale
- un départ
- un vol de correspondance

- check-in desk
- security check
- exit
- platform
- security
- for example
- private
- aisle
- crew
- bag
- content
- through
- air traveller
- an American company
- pockets
- shuttle bus
- bag drop
- flight
- accident
- fly
- none
- gates
- seat belts

- un comptoir d'enregistrement
- un contrôle de sécurité
- une sortie
- un quai
- une sécurité
- par exemple
- privé(e)
- un couloir
- un équipage
- un sac
- un contenu
- à travers, par
- un voyageur aérien
- une société américaine
- des poches
- une navette
- un dépôt de bagages
- un vol
- un accident
- voler, prendre le vol
- aucun(e)
- des portes d'embarquement
- des ceintures de sécurité

Lesson 02_travelling by plane_context sentences_TEST

- He's a frequent air traveller.
- We are at terminal four.
- Have a good flight!
- The airport is crowded.
- The shuttle bus will take you to the airport.
- Can I see your passport and boarding pass, please? Here you are.
- There is no customs inspection for tourists.
- The plane took off on time.
- The weight of the case is a problem.
- During security check, you must lay all metal things in a tray.
- Everybody books flights on-line today.
- Attention please. Passengers to London please assamble at the gate nr. 1.
- Where is a bag drop?
- We normally fly the economy class.
- Something went wrong during landing.
- They flew across the ocean.
- The flight to Brussels is the check in desk number thirty four.
- What time is your flight?
- You must go through security first.
- There are five people in the crew.
- You must apply for a visa on-line.
- We always travel with these airlines.
- Locate the nearest exit.
- What is the purpose of your visit?
- He has a private jet.
- Fasten your seat belts
- How much luggage have you got? None
- You must go through the passport control.
- The departure lounge is on the first floor.
- Do you fly economy class?
- The train is coming to platform five.
- What is the arrival time?
- KLM is a Dutch airline.
- Where are you flying from?
- Please lay the content of the bag on the table.
- What time is the departure?
- How long are you waiting for a connecting flight?
- First go through the passport control.

- We are going down.
- It is an international flight.
- United Airlines is an American company.
- Is there a trolley we could borrow?
- The plane took off without problems.
- We are arriving at seven thirty.
- I want to catch the early flight.
- There are things you cannot carry to a
plane. For example weapons.
- Let me carry your bag.
- Please empty your pockets.
- British airways is a British company.
- How many stopovers are there?
- It is over. We fly over the sea.
- Arrivals are at terminal two.
- You can fly directly from Paris.
- When are we landing?
- There was an accident in the airport.
- There should be some duty free shops in
the terminal.
- Do not leave your luggage unattended.
- May I see your passport?
- Would you like an aisle or a window seat?
- We are flying across the ocean.
- Please fill in the form.
- Go to gate seven.
- Keep the toilets clean, please.
- I will be at the airport lounge.
- How many gates are there in the terminal?

Lesson 02_travelling by plane_context sentences_Key

- He's a frequent air traveller.
- We are at terminal four.
- Have a good flight!
- The airport is crowded.
- The shuttle bus will take you to the airport.
- Can I see your passport and boarding pass, please? Here you are.
- There is no customs inspection for tourists.
- The plane took off on time.
- The weight of the case is a problem.
- During security check, you must lay all metal things in a tray.
- Everybody books flights on-line today.
- Attention please. Passengers to London please assemble at the gate nr. 1.
- Where is a bag drop?
- We normally fly the economy class.
- Something went wrong during landing.
- They flew across the ocean.
- The flight to Brussels is the check in desk number thirty four.
- What time is your flight?
- You must go through security first.
- There are five people in the crew.
- You must apply for a visa on-line.
- We always travel with these airlines.
- Locate the nearest exit.
- What is the purpose of your visit?
- He has a private jet.
- Fasten your seat belts
- How much luggage have you got? None
- You must go through the passport control.
- The departure lounge is on the first floor.
- Do you fly economy class?
- The train is coming to platform five.
- Il est un grand voyageur aérien.
- Nous sommes au terminal 4.
- Bon vol !
- L'aéroport est bondé.
- La navette vous emmène à l'aéroport.
- Puis-je voir votre passeport et votre carte d'embarquement, s'il vous plaît ? Voilà, c'est fait.
- Il n'y a pas de contrôle douanier pour les touristes.
- L'avion a décollé à l'heure.
- Le poids de la valise pose problème.
- Lors du contrôle de sécurité, vous devez déposer tous les objets métalliques dans un plateau.
- Aujourd'hui, tout le monde réserve ses vols en ligne.
- Attention, s'il vous plaît. Les passagers à destination de Londres sont priés de se présenter à la porte d'embarquement n° 1.
- Où se trouve le dépôt de bagages ?
- Normalement, on prend des vols en classe économique.
- Il y a eu un problème à l'atterrissage.
- Ils ont traversé l'océan.
- Le vol à destination de Bruxelles se trouve au comptoir d'enregistrement numéro trente-quatre.
- Quelle est l'heure de votre vol ?
- Vous devez d'abord passer le contrôle de sécurité.
- L'équipage est composé de cinq personnes.
- Tu dois demander un visa en ligne.
- Nous voyageons toujours avec ces compagnies aériennes.
- Localisez la sortie la plus proche.
- Quel est le but de votre visite ?
- Il possède un jet privé.
- Attachez vos ceintures de sécurité
- Combien de bagages as-tu? Aucun
- Vous devez passer par le contrôle des passeports.
- La salle d'embarquement se trouve au premier étage.
- Volez-vous en classe économique ?
- Le train arrive sur le quai cinq.

- What is the arrival time?
- KLM is a Dutch airline.
- Where are you flying from?
- Please lay the content of the bag on the table.
- What time is the departure?
- How long are you waiting for a connecting flight?
- First go through the passport control.
- We are going down.
- It is an international flight.
- United Airlines is an American company.
- Is there a trolley we could borrow?
- The plane took off without problems.
- We are arriving at seven thirty.
- I want to catch the early flight.
- There are things you cannot carry to a plane. For example weapons.
- Let me carry your bag.
- Please empty your pockets.
- British airways is a British company.
- How many stopovers are there?
- It is over. We fly over the sea.
- Arrivals are at terminal two.
- You can fly directly from Paris.
- When are we landing?
- There was an accident in the airport.
- There should be some duty free shops in the terminal.
- Do not leave your luggage unattended.
- May I see your passport?
- Would you like an aisle or a window seat?
- We are flying across the ocean.
- Please fill in the form.
- Go to gate seven.
- Keep the toilets clean, please.
- I will be at the airport lounge.
- How many gates are there in the terminal?
- Quelle est l'heure d'arrivée ?
- KLM est une compagnie aérienne néerlandaise.
- D'où avez-vous pris le vol?
- Veuillez déposer le contenu du sac sur la table.
- A quelle heure est le départ?
- Combien de temps attendez-vous votre correspondance ?
- Vous devez d'abord passer le contrôle des passeports.
- Nous descendons.
- Il s'agit d'un vol international.
- United Airlines est une société américaine.
- Pouvons-nous emprunter un chariot ?
- L'avion a décollé sans problème.
- Nous arrivons à sept heures trente.
- Je veux prendre le vol le plus tôt.
- Il y a des choses que vous ne pouvez pas transporter dans un avion. Par exemple, les armes.
- Laisse-moi porter ton sac.
- Videz vos poches, s'il vous plaît.
- British airways est une société britannique.
- Combien y a-t-il d'escales ?
- C'est fini. Nous survolons la mer.
- Les arrivées se font au terminal deux.
- Tu peux prendre un vol direct depuis Paris.
- Quand atterrirons-nous ?
- Il y a eu un accident à l'aéroport.
- Il devrait y avoir des boutiques hors taxes dans le terminal.
- Ne laissez pas vos bagages sans surveillance.
- Puis-je voir votre passeport ?
- Voulez-vous un siège côté couloir ou côté fenêtre ?
- Nous traversons l'océan.
- Veuillez remplir le formulaire.
- Allez à la porte sept.
- Gardez les toilettes propres, s'il vous plaît.
- Je serai au salon de l'aéroport.
- Combien de portes d'embarquement y a-t-il dans le terminal ?

Lesson 03_travelling to various countries_vocabulary_TEST

- Argentina
- China
- Africa
- North America
- land
- Australian
- Germany
- Italy
- Switzerland
- Dutch
- Muslim
- Japan
- Europe
- Czech Republic
- Portuguese
- Egypt
- South America
- England
- Sweden
- Spanish
- France
- Brazil
- Russia
- Canada
- Scotland
- Asia
- republic
- Australia
- Hungary
- Brazilian
- Mexico
- Poland
- Swedish
- Norway
- Spain
- English
- Ireland
- Belgium
- European
- Denmark
- Turkey
- Argentinian

Lesson 03_travelling to various countries_vocabulary_Key

- Argentina
- China
- Africa
- North America
- land
- Australian
- Germany
- Italy
- Switzerland
- Dutch
- Muslim
- Japan
- Europe
- Czech Republic
- Portuguese
- Egypt
- South America
- England
- Sweden
- Spanish
- France
- Brazil
- Russia
- Canada
- Scotland
- Asia
- republic
- Australia
- Hungary
- Brazilian
- Mexico
- Poland
- Swedish
- Norway
- Spain
- English
- Ireland
- Belgium
- European
- Denmark
- Turkey
- Argentinian
- l'Argentine
- la Chine
- l'Afrique
- l'Amérique du Nord
- une terre
- australien.ne
- l'Allemagne
- l'Italie
- la Suisse
- néerlandais(e)
- musulman
- le Japon
- l'Europe
- la République tchèque
- portugais, le portugais
- l'Égypte
- l'Amérique du Sud
- l'Angleterre
- la Suède
- espagnol(e)
- la France
- le Brésil
- la Russie
- le Canada
- l'Écosse
- l'Asie
- une république
- l'Australie
- la Hongrie
- brésilien.ne
- le Mexique
- la Pologne
- suédois
- la Norvège
- l'Espagne
- anglais(e)
- l'Irlande
- la Belgique
- européen(ne)
- le Danemark
- la Turquie
- argentin/argentine

Lesson 03_travelling to various countries_context sentences_TEST

- A lot of people travel to Turkey for holiday.
- Fox hunt is a typical English tradition.
- Are you from Spain?
- It all comes from Asia.
- The Dutch city of Breda is definitely worth seeing.
- The capital of Hungary is Budapest.
- It is a promised land.
- Is he from Belgium?
- He comes from France.
- He travelled through North America by car.
- Abba is the most famous Swedish band.
- It is made in China.
- Argentinian beef is very famous.
- Saudi Arabia is a Muslim country.
- He lives in Australia.
- They are from Mexico.
- We are a part of the European Union.
- I have never been to Japan.
- Egypt is in the north of Africa.
- England is on the British isles.
- She lives in Germany.
- What is the Czech Republic famous for?
- He understands Portuguese a little.
- They come from Switzerland.
- Countries in South America speak mostly Spanish.
- Have you been to Brazil?
- Have you been to Italy?
- Africa is a continent in the south.
- Canada has a maple leaf on its flag.
- The best ski jumpers come from Norway.
- Don't cry for me Argentina.
- Is he from the Czech Republic?
- Corrida is something typically Spanish.
- We often travelled to Russia.
- Scotland is a part of the United Kingdom.
- Ireland is an island.
- Brazilian coffee is very famous.
- She comes from Poland.
- Hamlet lived in Denmark
- I am Australian.
- We want to travel through Europe.

- Sweden is in the north of Europe.

.....

Lesson 03_travelling to various countries_context sentences_Key

- A lot of people travel to Turkey for holiday.
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- Are you from Spain?
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- The best ski jumpers come from Norway.
- Don't cry for me Argentina.
- Is he from the Czech Republic?
- Corrida is something typically Spanish.
- We often travelled to Russia.
- Scotland is a part of the United Kingdom.
- Ireland is an island.
- Beaucoup de gens voyagent en Turquie pour les vacances.
- La chasse au renard est une tradition typiquement anglaise.
- Viens-tu d'Espagne ?
- Tout cela vient d'Asie.
- La ville néerlandaise de Breda vaut vraiment le détour.
- La capitale de la Hongrie est Budapest.
- C'est une terre promise.
- Vient-il de Belgique ?
- Il vient de la France.
- Il a voyagé à travers l'Amérique du Nord en voiture.
- Abba est le groupe suédois le plus célèbre.
- C'est fabriqué en Chine.
- Le boeuf argentin est très célèbre.
- L'Arabie saoudite est un pays musulman.
- Il habite en Australie.
- Ils viennent du Mexique.
- Nous faisons partie de l'Union européenne.
- Je ne suis jamais allé au Japon.
- L'Egypte est au nord de l'Afrique.
- L'Angleterre est sur les îles britanniques.
- Elle vit en Allemagne.
- Pour quoi est-ce que la République tchèque est célèbre ?
- Il comprend un peu le portugais.
- Ils viennent de Suisse.
- Les pays d'Amérique du Sud parlent principalement l'espagnol.
- Es-tu allé au Brésil ?
- Es-tu allé en Italie ?
- L'Afrique est un continent du sud.
- Le Canada a une feuille d'érable sur son drapeau.
- Les meilleurs sauteurs à ski viennent de Norvège.
- Ne pleure pas pour moi, Argentine.
- Vient-il de la République tchèque ?
- La corrida est quelque chose de typiquement espagnol.
- Nous avons souvent voyagé en Russie.
- L'Écosse fait partie du Royaume-Uni.
- L'Irlande est une île.

- Brazilian coffee is very famous.
- She comes from Poland.
- Hamlet lived in Denmark
- I am Australian.

- We want to travel through Europe.
- Sweden is in the north of Europe.

- Le café brésilien est très célèbre.
- Elle vient de la Pologne.
- Hamlet vivait au Danemark.
- Je suis Australien.
- Nous voulons voyager à travers de l'Europe.

- La Suède est au nord de l'Europe.

Lesson 04_at a hotel_vocabulary_TEST

- a room for tonight
- check in
- breakfast
- towel
- double
- on the second floor
- book
- single room
- toothpaste
- staple
- hotel
- include
- receipt
- clean a room
- confirm
- valuable
- receptionist
- serve breakfast
- hotel guest
- location
- air conditioning
- dental floss
- room
- stay in a hotel
- minibar
- case
- reception
- charge
- stay
- enjoy
- fan
- fully
- room service
- Enjoy your stay
- coffee
- dinner
- Help yourself.
- noisy
- bar
- a luxury hotel
- wi-fi
- double room
- including

- number
- checkout

.....
.....

Lesson 04_at a hotel_vocabulary_Key

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- fully
- room service
- Enjoy your stay
- coffee
- dinner
- Help yourself.
- noisy
- bar
- a luxury hotel
- wi-fi
- double room
- including
- une chambre pour ce soir
- enregistrer
- le petit-déjeuner
- une serviette
- une double dose
- au deuxième étage
- réserver
- une chambre simple
- un dentifrice
- agraffer
- un hôtel
- comprendre
- un reçu
- nettoyer une chambre
- confirmer
- précieux(euse), de valeur
- un réceptionniste
- servir le petit-déjeuner
- un client de l'hôtel
- un emplacement
- un air conditionné
- un fil dentaire
- une chambre
- rester dans un hôtel
- un minibar
- une valise
- une réception
- avoir le coût
- rester
- profiter
- un ventilateur
- entièrement
- un service en chambre
- bon séjour
- un café
- le dîner
- Sers-toi.
- bruyant(e)
- un bar
- un hôtel de luxe
- un wi-fi
- une chambre double
- y compris

- number
- checkout

- un numéro
- un checkout

Lesson 04_at a hotel_context sentences_TEST

- Can I book a room for this night?
- Don't forget to pack the toothpaste and the toothbrush.
- He always stays at a luxury hotel.
- Can I have one more towel?
- Is there a free room for this night?
- Did you confirm the booking?
- How much do you charge?
- Is there a wi-fi available here?
- The price is including breakfast.
- Your room is on the second floor.
- We need to check in at the reception.
- Can I switch on the fan?
- The room was noisy, we could not sleep.
- Can I get a receipt?
- What is there for breakfast?
- Can I book a single room for two nights?
- Let's go to the bar.
- Would you like some coffee?
- Did you have something from the minibar?
- Where is the hotel?
- The hotel is fully booked.
- A receptionists checks us in.
- I always take dental floss with me when travelling.
- Can I book a room for tonight?
- Help yourselves at the buffet table.
- Do you know the exact location of the hotel?
- Do not leave your valuables in the room.
- Enjoy your stay!
- Can I book a double room for two nights?
- The hotel guests register during check-in.
- The price did not include breakfast.
- Do you stay in a hotel or in an apartment?
- This is my suitcase.
- Can you staple the receipt to the invoice?
- The room service will be right with you.
- Are you checking in?
- I would like to check out.
- How long will you stay?
- What time do you serve breakfast?

• Bring me some whisky. And make it a double!

.....

• Enjoy your stay! Thank you

.....

• Is there air conditioning in the room?

.....

• The dinner is served.

.....

• Please clean my room.

.....

• What is your room number?

.....

Lesson 04_at a hotel_context sentences_Key

- Can I book a room for this night?
- Don't forget to pack the toothpaste and the toothbrush.
- He always stays at a luxury hotel.
- Can I have one more towel?
- Is there a free room for this night?
- Did you confirm the booking?
- How much do you charge?
- Is there a wi-fi available here?
- The price is including breakfast.
- Your room is on the second floor.
- We need to check in at the reception.
- Can I switch on the fan?
- The room was noisy, we could not sleep.
- Can I get a receipt?
- What is there for breakfast?
- Can I book a single room for two nights?
- Let's go to the bar.
- Would you like some coffee?
- Did you have something from the minibar?
- Where is the hotel?
- The hotel is fully booked.
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- Help yourselves at the buffet table.
- Do you know the exact location of the hotel?
- Do not leave your valuables in the room.
- Enjoy your stay!
- Can I book a double room for two nights?
- The hotel guests register during check-in.
- The price did not include breakfast.
- Do you stay in a hotel or in an apartment?
- This is my suitcase.
- Puis-je réserver une chambre pour cette nuit ?
- N'oublie pas d'emporter le dentifrice et la brosse à dents.
- Il séjourne toujours dans un hôtel de luxe.
- Puis-je avoir une serviette de plus ?
- Y a-t-il une chambre libre pour cette nuit ?
- As-tu confirmé la réservation ?
- Quel est le coût de votre service?
- Y a-t-il un wi-fi disponible ici ?
- Le prix comprend le petit-déjeuner.
- Votre chambre est au deuxième étage.
- Nous devons nous enregistrer à la réception.
- Puis-je allumer le ventilateur ?
- La chambre était bruyante, nous n'avons pas pu dormir.
- Puis-je avoir un reçu ?
- Qu'y a-t-il au petit-déjeuner ?
- Puis-je réserver une chambre simple pour deux nuits ?
- Allons au bar.
- Veux-tu du café ?
- Avez-vous pris quelque chose dans le minibar ?
- Où se trouve l'hôtel ?
- L'hôtel est complet.
- Un réceptionniste nous enregistre.
- J'emporte toujours avec moi du fil dentaire quand je voyage.
- Puis-je réserver une chambre pour ce soir ?
- Servez-vous au buffet.
- Connais-tu l'emplacement exact de l'hôtel ?
- Ne laissez pas vos objets de valeur dans la chambre.
- Profitez de votre séjour !
- Puis-je réserver une chambre double pour deux nuits ?
- Les clients de l'hôtel s'inscrivent lors de l'enregistrement.
- Le prix ne comprenait pas le petit-déjeuner.
- Restez-vous dans un hôtel ou dans un appartement ?
- C'est ma valise.

- Can you staple the receipt to the invoice?
- The room service will be right with you.
- Are you checking in?
- I would like to check out.
- How long will you stay?
- What time do you serve breakfast?
- Bring me some whisky. And make it a double!
- Enjoy your stay! Thank you
- Is there air conditioning in the room?
- The dinner is served.
- Please clean my room.
- What is your room number?

- Pouvez-vous agraffer le reçu à la facture ?
- Le service en chambre arrive tout de suite.
- Vous êtes en train de vous enregistrer ?
- Je voudrais faire le checkout.
- Combien de temps allez-vous rester ?
- A quelle heure sert-on le petit-déjeuner ?
- Apporte-moi un whisky. Et un double !
- Bon séjour ! Merci.
- Y a-t-il l'air conditionné dans la chambre ?
- Le dîner est servi.
- Veuillez nettoyer ma chambre.
- Quel est le numéro de ta chambre ?

Lesson 05_at a restaurant_vocabulary_TEST

- Do you want fish or pasta?
- Can I get you anything ?
- the same
- I ´m really sorry
- restaurant
- spoon
- bill
- go to a restaurant
- Are they free?
- reserve
- tip
- waiter
- typical
- medium
- salad
- recommend
- steak
- drink
- straight away
- soup
- offer
- meal
- suggest
- recommendation
- cheeseburger
- menu
- roast beef
- How´s your pasta?
- a bit
- water
- order
- I´d like the
- table
- bottle
- Are you ready to order?
- choice
- Let´s order pizza.
- I´ll have the
- And for you?

Lesson 05_at a restaurant_vocabulary_Key

- Do you want fish or pasta?
- Can I get you anything ?
- the same
- I´m really sorry
- restaurant
- spoon
- bill
- go to a restaurant
- Are they free?
- reserve
- tip
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- typical
- medium
- salad
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- meal
- suggest
- recommendation
- cheeseburger
- menu
- roast beef
- How´s your pasta?
- a bit
- water
- order
- I´d like the ...
- table
- bottle
- Are you ready to order?
- choice
- Let´s order pizza.
- I´ll have the
- And for you?
- Veux-tu du poisson ou des pâtes?
- Puis-je vous offrir quelque chose ?
- la même chose
- Je suis vraiment désolé
- un restaurant
- une cuillère
- une addition
- aller au restaurant
- sont-elles libres
- une réservation
- un pourboire
- un serveur
- typique
- à point
- une salade
- recommander
- un steak
- boire
- tout de suite
- une soupe
- offrir
- un repas
- suggérer
- une recommandation
- un cheeseburger
- un menu
- un rôti de bœuf
- Comment sont tes pâtes?
- un peu
- une eau
- commander
- Je voudrais le ...
- une table
- une bouteille
- Êtes-vous prêt à commander ?
- un choix
- Commandons de la pizza.
- Je prendrai le
- Et pour toi ?

Lesson 05_at a restaurant_context sentences_TEST

- I'll have roast beef and fries.
- I'll have the same.
- Coming straight away.
- And for you? The same, thank you.
- May I suggest hot coffee and a bagel?
- Can I book a table for five?
- What would you like to drink?
- Where is the Chinese restaurant?
- Excellent choice.
- Can I offer you something to drink?
- I'll have the menu number four.
- Would you like to try the cake? Just a bit.
- Thank you for your recommendation.
- Would you like some soup?
- How's your pasta? It's good. How's your fish?
- He works as a waiter.
- The cutlery consists of a spoon a fork and a knife.
- Do you want fish or pasta? I prefer pasta, thanks.
- What's on the menu?
- Do you have a reservation?
- Would you like some water?
- Can you recommend us something?
- Can we pay the bill?
- What is a typical local dish?
- Are you ready to order?
- How would you like your steak? Rare, medium or well done?
- Can I get you anything ? Yes please. Two beers and two espressos.
- How often do you go to a restaurant?
- I'll have a cheesburger, please.
- I am really sorry, we have run out of beer.
- I'd like a tomato salad, please.
- You should leave some tip.
- I'd like the menu number three.
- Thank you for delicious meal.
- How would you like your steak? Rare, medium or well-done?
- Bring the bottle and two glasses.
- Let's order pizza. Good idea.
- Are these chairs free?

- Are you ready to order? Yes we are. We'll have two beers and a coffee please.

.....

Lesson 05_at a restaurant_context sentences_Key

- I'll have roast beef and fries.
- I'll have the same.
- Coming straight away.
- And for you? The same, thank you.
- May I suggest hot coffee and a bagel?
- Can I book a table for five?
- What would you like to drink?
- Where is the Chinese restaurant?
- Excellent choice.
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- Would you like some water?
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- Are you ready to order?
- How would you like your steak? Rare, medium or well done?
- Can I get you anything ? Yes please. Two beers and two espressos.
- How often do you go to a restaurant?
- I'll have a cheesburger, please.
- I am really sorry, we have run out of beer.
- I'd like a tomato salad, please.
- You should leave some tip.
- I'd like the menu number three.
- Thank you for delicious meal.
- Je prendrai un rôti de bœuf et des frites.
- Je prendrai la même chose.
- J'arrive tout de suite.
- Et pour vous ? La même chose, merci.
- Puis-je vous suggérer un café chaud et un bagel ?
- Puis-je réserver une table pour cinq personnes ?
- Qu'est-ce que vous voulez boire ?
- Où se trouve le restaurant chinois ?
- Un excellent choix.
- Puis-je vous offrir quelque chose à boire ?
- Je prendrai le menu numéro quatre.
- Voulez-vous goûter le gâteau ? Juste un peu.
- Merci de votre recommandation.
- Voulez-vous de la soupe ?
- Comment sont tes pâtes ? Elles sont bonnes. Et ton poisson ?
- Il travaille comme serveur.
- Les couverts se composent d'une cuillère, d'une fourchette et d'un couteau.
- Voulez-vous du poisson ou des pâtes ? Je préfère les pâtes, merci.
- Qu'y a-t-il au menu ?
- Avez-vous une réservation ?
- Veux-tu de l'eau?
- Peux-tu nous recommander quelque chose ?
- Pouvons-nous régler l'addition ?
- Quel est le plat typique local ?
- Êtes-vous prêt à commander ?
- Comment voulez-vous votre steak ? Saignant, à point ou bien cuit ?
- Vous désirez quelque chose ? Oui, s'il vous plaît. Deux bières et deux espressos.
- A quelle fréquence vas-tu au restaurant ?
- Je prendrai un cheeseburger, s'il vous plaît.
- Je suis vraiment désolé, nous n'avons plus de bière.
- Je voudrais une salade de tomates, s'il vous plaît.
- Tu devrais laisser un pourboire.
- Je voudrais le menu numéro trois.
- Merci pour ce délicieux repas.

- How would you like your steak? Rare, medium or well-done?

- Bring the bottle and two glasses.

- Let's order pizza. Good idea.

- Are these chairs free?

- Are you ready to order? Yes we are. We'll have two beers and a coffee please.

- Comment voulez-vous votre steak ? Saignant, à point ou bien cuit ?

- Apporte une bouteille et deux verres.

- Commandons de la pizza. Bonne idée.

- Ces chaises sont-elles libres ?

- Êtes-vous prêts à commander ? Oui, nous sommes prêts. Deux bières et un café, s'il vous plaît.

Lesson 06_on a trip_vocabulary_TEST

- temple
- noisy
- tower
- historic
- traffic
- park
- seventy two
- post office
- cathedral
- street
- ring, rang, rung
- art gallery
- castle
- hospital
- place
- a supermarket
- run out of
- towards
- cheaper than
- go to hospital
- library
- hill
- in the corner
- tram
- suburb
- a village
- hotel
- under
- run across the road
- opposite
- tallest
- drive along the street
- culture
- on the left
- left
- museum
- city walls
- next to
- a bank
- lion
- taxi driver
- block
- get to the airport

- bridge
- car park
- a museum
- a building
- try to get
- railway station
- large
- town
- start raining
- shopping centre
- population
- get a taxi
- busiest
- town hall
- church
- wait for a bus
- bell
- at the end of the street
- cultural
- beach
- straight on
- city
- long
- palace
- people
- medicine
- postcode
- ruins
- in the middle
- tiger

Lesson 06_on a trip_vocabulary_Key

- temple
- noisy
- tower
- historic
- traffic
- park
- seventy two
- post office
- cathedral
- street
- ring, rang, rung
- art gallery
- castle
- hospital
- place
- a supermarket
- run out of
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- in the corner
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- a village
- hotel
- under
- run across the road
- opposite
- tallest
- drive along the street
- culture
- on the left
- left
- museum
- city walls
- next to
- a bank
- lion
- taxi driver
- block
- get to the airport
- un temple
- bruyant
- une tour
- historique
- une circulation
- garer
- soixante-douze
- un bureau de poste
- une cathédrale
- une rue
- sonné/avoir sonné
- une galerie d'art
- un château
- un hôpital
- un endroit
- un supermarché
- être à court de
- vers
- moins cher que
- aller à l'hôpital
- une bibliothèque
- une colline
- dans le coin
- un tramway
- une banlieue
- un village
- un hôtel
- sous
- traverser la route en courant
- opposé(e)
- le plus grand
- conduire le long de la rue
- la culture
- à gauche
- à gauche
- un musée
- des murs, des remparts
- à côté de
- une banque
- un lion
- un chauffeur de taxi
- un bloc
- arriver à l'aéroport

- bridge
- car park
- a museum
- a building
- try to get
- railway station
- large
- town
- start raining
- shopping centre
- population
- get a taxi
- busiest
- town hall
- church
- wait for a bus
- bell
- at the end of the street
- cultural
- beach
- straight on
- city
- long
- palace
- people
- medicine
- postcode
- ruins
- in the middle
- tiger
- un pont
- un parking
- un musée
- un bâtiment
- essayer d'arriver
- une gare
- grand(e)
- une ville
- commencer à pleuvoir
- un centre commercial
- une population
- prendre un taxi
- le plus fréquenté
- un hôtel de ville
- une église
- attendre un bus
- une cloche
- au bout de la rue
- culturel(le)
- une plage
- tout droit
- une ville
- long.ue
- un palais
- des gens, des personnes
- un médicament
- un code postal
- des ruines
- au milieu
- un tigre

Lesson 06_on a trip_context sentences_TEST

- The bell rang several times.
- Where is the museum?
- The presidential palace is in the centre.
- The car has run out of petrol.
- Can you see the tower?
- The water flows under the bridge.
- How far is the castle?
- He comes from a town.
- Where can we get a taxi?
- What's the population of Prague?
- The house is in the corner of the square.
- You can buy some medicine in the
pharmacy.
- A taxi driver must know the city.
- Do you want to go to the art gallery?
- The town hall is near the port.
- Is there a car park near here?
- This is the busiest street in the town.
- Drive along this street and than turn left.
- The post office is next to the railway
station.
- The post office is next to the railway
station.
- Let's go to the beach.
- Cross the bridge and turn right.
- In York you can walk on the medieval city
walls.
- Walking is cheaper than driving.
- We are in the middle of nowhere.
- There is a new library in the center.
- The chapel is on the hill.
- It is a good place to live.
- Can you see the stone block over there?
- Go straight on and then turn left.
- The museum is not far.
- Are you waiting for a bus?
- Take the tram. It is five stops.
- Be careful when you run across the street.
- They live in suburbs.
- The lion is the pride of the ZOO.
- It's a long way home.
- It is a cultural city.
- Where is the hotel?
- What is the tallest building in the city?

- The street is quite noisy.
- The studios are next to the post office.
- The cultural life is very limited.
- The pharmacy is at the end of the street.
- There are seventy two parking places in
this street.
- Go towards the city centre.
- It started raining and we went inside.
- The ruins of the castle are on the hill.
- Where can we park the car?
- There are five churches in the city.
- There are no tigers in the ZOO.
- The bell is ringing.
- Do you live in a city?
- This is the tallest building in the city.
- The temple is behind these walls.
- Go along this street
- The historic part of the city is nearly a
thousand years old.
- The football field is very large.
- The traffic is very dense.
- Turn left!
- There are several shopping centres on the
outskirts of the city.
- They live in a village.
- You'll see it on the left.
- He tried to get there on time.
- What is the postcode of Wien?
- Is there a bank near here?
- It is at the opposite end of the road.
- How many people are there?
- How shall we get to the airport?
- There is a cathedral in the city centre.
- Where is the nearest supermarket?
- Is she in the hospital?
- I have to go to hospital.

Lesson 06_on a trip_context sentences_Key

- The bell rang several times.
 - Where is the museum?
 - The presidential palace is in the centre.
 - The car has run out of petrol.
 - Can you see the tower?
 - The water flows under the bridge.
 - How far is the castle?
 - He comes from a town.
 - Where can we get a taxi?
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 - Is there a car park near here?
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 - It is a good place to live.
 - Can you see the stone block over there?
 - Go straight on and then turn left.
 - The museum is not far.
 - Are you waiting for a bus?
 - Take the tram. It is five stops.
- Be careful when you run across the street.
- They live in suburbs.
 - The lion is the pride of the ZOO.
- La cloche a sonné plusieurs fois.
 - Où se trouve le musée ?
 - Le palais présidentiel est au centre.
 - La voiture est tombée en panne d'essence.
 - Vois-tu la tour ?
 - L'eau coule sous le pont.
 - A quelle distance se trouve le château ?
 - Il vient d'une ville.
 - Où pouvons-nous prendre un taxi ?
 - Quelle est la population de Prague ?
 - La maison se trouve dans le coin de la place.
 - Tu peux acheter des médicaments à la pharmacie.
 - Un chauffeur de taxi doit bien connaître la ville.
 - Veux-tu aller à la galerie d'art ?
 - L'hôtel de ville se trouve près du port.
 - Y a-t-il un parking près d'ici ?
 - C'est la rue la plus fréquentée de la ville.
 - Continuez tout droit dans cette rue, puis tournez à gauche.
- La poste est à côté de la gare.
- La poste est à côté de la gare.
- Allons à la plage.
- Traversez le pont et tournez à droite.
- À York, on peut se promener sur les remparts médiévaux de la ville.
- Marcher coûte moins cher que conduire.
 - Nous sommes complètement perdus.
 - Il y a une nouvelle bibliothèque dans le centre.
 - La chapelle est sur la colline.
 - C'est un bon endroit pour vivre.
 - Vois-tu le bloc de pierre là-bas ?
 - Allez tout droit, puis tournez à gauche.
 - Le musée n'est pas loin.
 - Attendez-vous un bus ?
 - Prends le tramway. C'est à cinq arrêts.
 - Fais attention quand tu traverses la rue en courant.
 - Ils habitent en banlieue.
 - Le lion est la fierté du zoo.

- It's a long way home.
 - It is a cultural city.
 - Where is the hotel?
- What is the tallest building in the city?
- The street is quite noisy.
 - The studios are next to the post office.
 - The cultural life is very limited.
 - The pharmacy is at the end of the street.
 - There are seventy two parking places in this street.
- Go towards the city centre.
- It started raining and we went inside.
- The ruins of the castle are on the hill.
 - Where can we park the car?
 - There are five churches in the city.
 - There are no tigers in the ZOO.
 - The bell is ringing.
 - Do you live in a city?
 - This is the tallest building in the city.
 - The temple is behind these walls.
 - Go along this street
 - The historic part of the city is nearly a thousand years old.
- The football field is very large.
 - The traffic is very dense.
 - Turn left!
 - There are several shopping centres on the outskirts of the city.
- They live in a village.
 - You'll see it on the left.
 - He tried to get there on time.
 - What is the postcode of Wien?
 - Is there a bank near here?
 - It is at the opposite end of the road.
 - How many people are there?
- How shall we get to the airport?
- There is a cathedral in the city centre.
 - Where is the nearest supermarket?
 - Is she in the hospital?
 - I have to go to hospital.
- C'est un long chemin pour rentrer chez moi.
 - C'est une ville culturelle.
 - Où se trouve l'hôtel ?
 - Quel est le bâtiment le plus haut de la ville ?
- La rue est assez bruyante.
- Les studios sont à côté de la poste.
 - La vie culturelle est très limitée.
 - La pharmacie se trouve au bout de la rue.
 - Il y a soixante-douze places de parking dans cette rue.
- Va vers le centre-ville.
 - Il a commencé à pleuvoir et nous sommes entrés.
- Les ruines du château sont sur la colline.
- Où pouvons-nous garer la voiture ?
 - Il y a cinq églises dans la ville.
 - Il n'y a pas de tigres au zoo.
 - La cloche sonne.
 - Tu habites dans une ville ?
 - C'est le plus haut bâtiment de la ville.
 - Le temple se trouve derrière ces murs.
 - Suivez cette rue.
 - La partie historique de la ville a presque mille ans.
- Le terrain de football est très grand.
 - La circulation est très dense.
 - Tournez à gauche !
 - Il y a plusieurs centres commerciaux en périphérie de la ville.
- Ils vivent dans un village.
 - Tu verras ça à gauche.
 - Il a essayé d'y arriver à temps.
 - Quel est le code postal de Vienne ?
 - Y a-t-il une banque près d'ici ?
 - C'est à l'autre extrémité de la route.
 - Combien de personnes y a-t-il ?
 - Comment pouvons-nous nous rendre à l'aéroport ?
- Il y a une cathédrale dans le centre-ville.
 - Où est le supermarché le plus proche ?
 - Elle est à l'hôpital ?
 - Je dois aller à l'hôpital.

Lesson 07_shopping_vocabulary_TEST

- decent
- clothes
- try on
- pay
- shoes
- choose
- shopping
- scarf
- credit card
- closed
- some
- discount
- shop
- perfectly
- sandals
- any
- tights
- Italian
- trolley
- organic
- pair
- department store
- mall
- spend
- speaker
- bracelet
- A T-Shirt, please!
- take back
- drugs
- sock
- trousers
- money
- waiting
- heavy
- go back
- counter
- level
- the box office
- shop assistant
- leggings
- shelves
- cost
- earrings

- store
- I have two credit cards.
- plastic
- minimum
- buyer
- black
- jeans
- webbsite
- what size
- grocery
- suit
- shirt
- sales
- I love your shoes
- at least
- duty
- luxurious
- a customer
- hat
- dress
- skirt
- pyjamas
- guarantee
- would like to buy
- bought/have bought
- cardigan
- bananas
- cap
- How much is the mug?
- altogether
- supermarket
- pound
- coat
- next
- size
- shoe
- in advance
- dot
- second
- expensive
- souvenirs
- changing rooms
- watch
- five dollars
- box office
- wear

- trainers
- price
- service
- glove
- necklace
- receipt
- cash
- credit card
- cheap
- extra large
- underwear
- store rooms
- buy

Lesson 07_shopping_vocabulary_Key

- decent
- clothes
- try on
- pay
- shoes
- choose
- shopping
- scarf
- credit card
- closed
- some
- discount
- shop
- perfectly
- sandals
- any
- tights
- Italian
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- A T-Shirt, please!
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- sock
- trousers
- money
- waiting
- heavy
- go back
- counter
- level
- the box office
- shop assistant
- leggings
- shelves
- cost
- earrings
- décent
- des vêtements
- essayer
- payer
- des chaussures
- choisir
- le shopping
- une écharpe
- carte de crédit
- fermé
- quelques
- une réduction
- un magasin
- parfaitement
- des sandales
- n'importe quel(le)
- des collants
- italien(ne)
- un chariot
- bio, organique
- une paire
- un grand magasin
- un centre commercial
- dépenser
- un haut-parleur
- un bracelet
- Un T-shirt, s'il vous plaît !
- reprendre
- des médicaments
- une chaussette
- un pantalon
- l'argent
- une attente
- lourd(e)
- retourner
- un comptoir
- un niveau
- une billetterie
- un vendeur, une vendeuse
- un legging
- des étagères
- coûter
- des boucles d'oreilles

- store
- I have two credit cards.
- plastic
- minimum
- buyer
- black
- jeans
- website
- what size
- grocery
- suit
- shirt
- sales
- I love your shoes
- at least
- duty
- luxurious
- a customer
- hat
- dress
- skirt
- pyjamas
- guarantee
- would like to buy
- bought/have bought
- cardigan
- bananas
- cap
- How much is the mug?
- altogether
- supermarket
- pound
- coat
- next
- size
- shoe
- in advance
- dot
- second
- expensive
- souvenirs
- changing rooms
- watch
- five dollars
- box office
- wear
- un magasin
- J'ai deux cartes de crédit.
- plastique
- un minimum
- un acheteur
- noir(e)
- un jean
- un site web
- quelle taille
- une épicerie
- un costume
- une chemise
- des soldes
- J'adore tes chaussures
- au moins
- une taxe
- luxueux/luxueuse
- un client
- un chapeau
- une robe
- une jupe
- un pyjama
- une garantie
- aimeriez-vous acheter
- acheté/avons acheté
- un gilet
- des bananes
- une casquette
- Combien coûte la tasse ?
- au total
- un supermarché
- une livre sterling
- un manteau
- prochain(e)
- une taille
- une chaussure
- à l'avance
- un point
- deuxième
- cher, chère
- des souvenirs
- des cabines d'essayage
- une montre
- cinq dollars
- un guichet
- porter

- trainers
- price
- service
- glove
- necklace
- receipt
- cash
- credit card
- cheap
- extra large
- underwear
- store rooms
- buy

- des baskets
- un prix
- un service
- un gant
- un collier
- un reçu
- en espèces
- une carte de crédit
- bon marché
- très grand
- des sous-vêtements
- des salles de stockage
- acheter

Lesson 07_shopping_context sentences_TEST

- What happened to your socks?
- There are at least fifty people.
- Do you need any money? I don't need any money.
- Isn't it a nice shirt?
- This necklace goes well with these earrings.
- Where can we buy it?
- How much is the mug? Three euros.
- This suit is really luxurious.
- Do you have a credit card?
- Will you pay cash or by a credit card?
- Will you take it back?
- There is no need to change your clothes.
- Who is the buyer?
- She never wears tights.
- I need to buy new trousers.
- What a beautiful watch!
- Can we get a discount?
- Is it expensive?
- This dress suits you nicely.
- There are store rooms behind the supermarket.
- The store is closed.
- The shelves are half empty.
- Have you bought new shoes?
- I don't like wearing pyjamas.
- What size do you need?
- Where is my suit?
- Isn't it too cheap?
- You can choose what you want.
- You must pay in advance.
- It fits perfectly.
- The price level has increased.
- Let's go to the mall.
- You have to buy minimum of six pieces.
- How much money do you need?
- Who's next?
- Never wear socks in sandals.
- www.a.p.p.l.e. com
- What is the price of this?
- How much money do you spend?
- The bag is heavy.
- Italian fashion style is very popular.

- It is a decent tie.
- Where do they organize sales?
- He never wears cardigans.
- Wear my hat.
- I am going to the shop.
- A T-Shirt, please! Here you are!
- Can I get a receipt?
- Where is my coat?
- Nice shoes!
- I need some money
- They sell organic food.
- Do you like shopping?
- Can I pay by credit card?
- Buy new speakers!
- I'll wait for you in front of the
supermarket.
- Customer service is very important.
- Can I pay by credit card?
- Black is elegant.
- I hate waiting for anybody.
- These earrings suit you fine.
- I need a shirt, extra large.
- The shop sells souvenirs.
- I love your shoes. Me too.
- Can I have a look at this pair of shoes?
- The box office is over there.
- You need to go back to the shop.
- You must pay in pounds.
- I need to buy a new pair of trainers.
- His size is fifty five.
- How much is it? Five dollars.
- I never wear jeans.
- You can pick it up in the box office.
- What would you like to buy?
- Would you like a plastic bag?
- He worked in the grocery store.
- This scarf is elegant.
- He often wears jeans and a t-shirt.
- Take a cap.
- She's standing behind the counter.
- I never buy underwear on-line.
- What kind of bracelet is that?
- Where are the changing rooms?
- There are many duty-free shops.
- How much does it cost?
- Can I try it on?

- She works as a shop assistant.
- There are sales on this website?
- They sell drugs at chemist's.
- Go to the store and buy it.
- This skirt suits you fine.
- Is there a department store around?
- It's 10 dollars altogether.
- Take a trolley before you enter the
supermarket.
- I'd like this pair of gloves, please.
- Does it have a guarantee?
- There is a customer you.
- I have just bought it.
- I have two credit cards. Why two?
- Does she wear leggings?
- Did you buy bananas?
- You should not buy a second hand car.

Lesson 07_shopping_context sentences_Key

- What happened to your socks?
- There are at least fifty people.
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- Isn't it a nice shirt?
- This necklace goes well with these earrings.
- Where can we buy it?
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- You can choose what you want.
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- It fits perfectly.
- The price level has increased.
- Let's go to the mall.
- You have to buy minimum of six pieces.
- How much money do you need?
- Who's next?
- Never wear socks in sandals.
- www.a.p.l.e.com
- What is the price of this?
- Que s'est-il passé avec tes chaussettes ?
- Il y a au moins cinquante personnes.
- As-tu besoin d'argent ? Je n'ai pas besoin d'argent.
- Est-ce que ce n'est pas une belle chemise ?
- Ce collier va bien avec ces boucles d'oreilles.
- Où pouvons-nous l'acheter ?
- Combien coûte la tasse ? Trois euros.
- Ce costume est vraiment luxueux.
- Avez-vous une carte de crédit ?
- Vous allez payer en espèces ou par carte de crédit ?
- Allez-vous le reprendre ?
- Il n'est pas nécessaire de changer tes vêtements.
- Qui est l'acheteur ?
- Elle ne porte jamais de collants.
- J'ai besoin d'acheter un nouveau pantalon.
- Quelle belle montre !
- Pouvons-nous obtenir une réduction ?
- Est-ce que c'est cher ?
- Cette robe te va bien.
- Il y a des salles de stockage derrière le supermarché.
- Le magasin est fermé.
- Les étagères sont à moitié vides.
- As-tu acheté de nouvelles chaussures ?
- Je n'aime pas porter de pyjama.
- Quelle taille avez-vous besoin ?
- Où est mon costume ?
- Ce n'est pas trop bon marché ?
- Tu peux choisir ce que tu veux.
- Tu dois payer à l'avance.
- Il te va parfaitement.
- Le niveau des prix a augmenté.
- Allons au centre commercial.
- Tu dois acheter un minimum de six pièces.
- De combien d'argent as-tu besoin ?
- Le prochain ? A qui est le tour ?
- Ne porte jamais de chaussettes avec des sandales.
- www.a.p.l.e.com
- Quel est le prix de cela ?

- How much money do you spend?
- The bag is heavy.
- Italian fashion style is very popular.
- It is a decent tie.
- Where do they organize sales?
- He never wears cardigans.
- Wear my hat.
- I am going to the shop.
- A T-Shirt, please! Here you are!
- Can I get a receipt?
- Where is my coat?
- Nice shoes!
- I need some money
- They sell organic food.
- Do you like shopping?
- Can I pay by credit card?
- Buy new speakers!
- I'll wait for you in front of the supermarket.
- Customer service is very important.
- Can I pay by credit card?
- Black is elegant.
- I hate waiting for anybody.
- These earrings suit you fine.
- I need a shirt, extra large.
- The shop sells souvenirs.
- I love your shoes. Me too.
- Can I have a look at this pair of shoes?
- The box office is over there.
- You need to go back to the shop.
- You must pay in pounds.
- I need to buy a new pair of trainers.
- His size is fifty five.
- How much is it? Five dollars.
- I never wear jeans.
- You can pick it up in the box office.
- What would you like to buy?
- Would you like a plastic bag?
- He worked in the grocery store.
- This scarf is elegant.
- He often wears jeans and a t-shirt.
- Take a cap.
- She's standing behind the counter.
- I never buy underwear on-line.
- What kind of bracelet is that?

- Combien d'argent dépenses-tu ?
- Le sac est lourd.
- Le style de mode italien est très populaire.
- C'est une cravate décente.
- Où organisent-ils les soldes ?
- Il ne porte jamais de gilet.
- Porte mon chapeau.
- Je vais au magasin.
- Un T-shirt, s'il vous plaît ! Voilà !
- Puis-je avoir un reçu ?
- Où est mon manteau ?
- Jolies chaussures !
- J'ai besoin d'argent.
- Ils vendent des produits bio.
- Aimes-tu faire du shopping ?
- Puis-je payer par carte de crédit ?
- Achète de nouveaux haut-parleurs !
- Je t'attends devant le supermarché.
- Le service client est très important.
- Puis-je payer par carte de crédit?
- Le noir est élégant.
- Je déteste attendre qui que ce soit.
- Ces boucles d'oreilles te vont bien.
- J'ai besoin d'une chemise, taille extra large.
- Le magasin vend des souvenirs.
- J'adore tes chaussures. Moi aussi.
- Puis-je regarder cette paire de chaussures ?
- La billetterie se trouve là-bas.
- Vous devez retourner au magasin.
- Tu dois payer en livres sterling.
- Je dois acheter une nouvelle paire de baskets.
- Sa taille est cinquante-cinq.
- Combien ça coûte ? Cinq dollars.
- Je ne porte jamais de jeans.
- Tu peux le récupérer au guichet.
- Qu'aimeriez-vous acheter ?
- Souhaitez-vous un sac plastique ?
- Il travaillait dans l'épicerie.
- Cette écharpe est élégante.
- Il porte souvent un jean et un t-shirt.
- Prends une casquette.
- Elle est debout derrière le comptoir.
- Je n'achète jamais de sous-vêtements en ligne.
- Quel type de bracelet est-ce ?

- Where are the changing rooms?
- There are many duty-free shops.
- How much does it cost?
- Can I try it on?
- She works as a shop assistant.
- There are sales on this website?
- They sell drugs at chemist's.
- Go to the store and buy it.
- This skirt suits you fine.
- Is there a department store around?
- It's 10 dollars altogether.
- Take a trolley before you enter the supermarket.

- I'd like this pair of gloves, please.
- Does it have a guarantee?
- There is a customer you.
- I have just bought it.
- I have two credit cards. Why two?
- Does she wear leggings?
- Did you buy bananas?
- You should not buy a second hand car.

- Où sont les cabines d'essayage ?
- Il y a beaucoup de boutiques sans taxes.
- Combien ça coûte ?
- Puis-je l'essayer ?
- Elle travaille comme vendeuse.
- Il y a des soldes sur ce site web ?
- Ils vendent des médicaments à la pharmacie.
- Va au magasin et achète-le.
- Cette jupe te va bien.
- Y a-t-il un grand magasin aux alentours ?
- Cela coûte 10 dollars au total.
- Prends un chariot avant d'entrer dans le supermarché.
- Je voudrais cette paire de gants, s'il vous plaît.
- Est-ce que cela a une garantie ?
- Il y a un client pour toi.
- Je viens de l'acheter.
- J'ai deux cartes de crédit. Pourquoi deux ?
- Elle porte des leggings ?
- As-tu acheté des bananes ?
- Tu ne devrais pas acheter une voiture d'occasion.

Lesson 08_chatting_vocabulary_TEST

- from
- be
- Good night
- Have a good day
- Good afternoon
- be sorry
- go
- You're welcome.
- Where are you from?
- two
- excuse
- film
- Monday
- more
- think
- meet
- hurry
- me
- now
- how
- relax
- us
- I'm fine.
- old
- hello
- afraid
- See you in twenty minutes.
- new
- like
- sir
- with
- these
- five dollars fifty
- Nice to meet you.
- know
- please
- much
- name
- hope to
- Can I have a look?
- which
- not
- That's my bus.

- hope to see
- ok
- See you tomorrow.
- or
- I'm
- good
- Goodbye
- but
- will
- hi
- personally
- slowly
- sure
- them
- there
- Good morning
- I
- time
- are
- look after
- surname
- Sorry
- What's that?
- year
- welcome
- understand
- mobile
- This is Alex
- night
- nice to
- why
- Good evening
- See you later
- nice
- when
- what
- I must
- look forward to
- have a good time
- Thanks
- who
- What's your name?
- correct
- See you on Friday
- all
- first name

- I'm from Spain.
- if
- Have a nice day!
- minute
- her
- Just a minute
- listen
- can
- one
- Be good.
- work
- madam
- Yes, of course.
- No
- late
- Excuse me
- later
- tomorrow
- Bye
- luck
- and
- Yes
- Come in.
- to
- for
- day
- language
- fine
- past
- weekend
- we
- here
- see
- pleased

Lesson 08_chatting_vocabulary_Key

- from
- be
- Good night
- Have a good day
- Good afternoon
- be sorry
- go
- You're welcome.
- Where are you from?
- two
- excuse
- film
- Monday
- more
- think
- meet
- hurry
- me
- now
- how
- relax
- us
- I'm fine.
- old
- hello
- afraid
- See you in twenty minutes.
- new
- like
- sir
- with
- these
- five dollars fifty
- Nice to meet you.
- know
- please
- much
- name
- hope to
- Can I have a look?
- which
- not
- That's my bus.
- de
- être
- Bonne nuit
- Bonne journée
- Bon après-midi
- être désolé(e)
- aller
- De rien.
- D'où viens-tu ?
- deux
- excuser
- un film
- lundi
- plus
- penser
- rencontrer
- se dépêcher
- moi
- maintenant
- comment
- se détendre
- nous
- Ça va bien.
- vieux, vieille
- bonjour
- avoir peur
- Rendez-vous dans vingt minutes.
- nouveau, nouvelle
- aimer
- monsieur
- avec
- ces
- cinq dollars cinquante
- Enchanté(e).
- savoir
- s'il vous plaît, s'il te plaît
- beaucoup
- un nom
- espérer
- Puis-je jeter un coup d'oeil ?
- lequel
- non
- C'est mon bus.

- hope to see
- ok
- See you tomorrow.
- or
- I'm
- good
- Goodbye
- but
- will
- hi
- personally
- slowly
- sure
- them
- there
- Good morning
- I
- time
- are
- look after
- surname
- Sorry
- What's that?
- year
- welcome
- understand
- mobile
- This is Alex
- night
- nice to
- why
- Good evening
- See you later
- nice
- when
- what
- I must
- look forward to
- have a good time
- Thanks
- who
- What's your name?
- correct
- See you on Friday
- all
- first name
- espérer voir
- bien
- A demain.
- ou
- Je suis
- bon(ne)
- Au revoir
- mais
- je serai
- salut
- personnellement
- lentement
- sûr(e)
- eux
- là-bas
- Bonjour
- je
- un temps
- es
- prendre soin
- un nom de famille
- désolé(e)
- Qu'est-ce que c'est ?
- un an
- bienvenu(e)
- comprendre
- un mobile, un portable
- C'est Alex
- une nuit
- agréable à
- pourquoi
- Bonsoir
- A plus tard
- bon(ne)
- quand
- quoi, que
- Je dois
- attendre avec impatience, avoir hâte
- s'amuser
- Merci
- qui
- Comment tu t'appelles ?
- correct(e)
- A vendredi
- tout
- un prénom

- I'm from Spain.
- if
- Have a nice day!
- minute
- her
- Just a minute
- listen
- can
- one
- Be good.
- work
- madam
- Yes, of course.
- No
- late
- Excuse me
- later
- tomorrow
- Bye
- luck
- and
- Yes
- Come in.
- to
- for
- day
- language
- fine
- past
- weekend
- we
- here
- see
- pleased
- Je viens d'Espagne.
- si
- Bonne journée !
- une minute
- elle
- Juste une minute
- écouter
- pouvoir
- un, une
- Prends soin de toi.
- travailler
- Madame
- Oui, bien sûr.
- Non
- tard
- excusez-moi
- plus tard
- demain
- Au revoir
- une chance
- et
- Oui
- Entre.
- à
- pour
- un jour
- une langue
- bien
- après (et)
- un week-end
- nous
- ici
- voir
- ravi(e)

Lesson 08_chatting_context sentences_TEST

- Sorry, I don't speak English.
- Goodbye, see you tomorrow.
- See you later. Bye!
- Can I have a look? Of course, go ahead.
- I am at home, but he is not.
- I will be at home.
- We hope to meet you soon.
- How much time is there for it?
- How much is it?
- Who is it?
- We are here.
- Can you see me?
- Excuse me, sir!
- We look forward to meeting you.
- Where are you from?
- Thank you, sir.
- I am from Europe.
- to be or not to be
- What is your name? My name is Paul.
- come to me
- Is it good? Yes, it is.
- for her, with her, to her
- See you on Monday.
- That's correct.
- Just relax. Take it easy.
- See you tomorrow.
- Good night, sweet dreams.
- Have a nice day. Thank you.
- Good afternoon. Good afternoon.
- It's nice to see you.
- Where are you going?
- I am sure about it.
- Do you understand?
- These people are here.
- Come and meet my mother.
- If you help me
- you and I
- What is your surname?
- It's late.
- Give me more.
- Have a nice weekend.
- How many languages do you speak?
- There is only one way.

- He is with you
- We hope to see you soon
- Don't hurry!
- Can I help you?
- What is your first name?
- Here you are. Thanks.
- Good night. Good night, sleep well.
- Good evening. Good evening. How was
your day?
- See you later!
- Can I borrow your mobile phone?
for them, about them, with them
- See you tomorrow. Bye!
- Good morning everybody.
- What is your name?
- Have a good time. Bye.
- Is it for me?
- I am pleased to meet you.
- Speak slowly, please.
- When are you here?
- I like it. Do you like it?
- Excuse me .. Yes? Can I help you?
- I must go.
- Where do you work?
- Now I know
- Good luck!
- Wait a minute!
- Please, help me!
- Are you coming? Just a minute!
- Which one is it?
- Why are you here?
- This is Paul. Nice to meet you, Paul.
- this or that
- What is it?
- It is a good film.
- Happy new year!
- Thank you very much. You're welcome.
- I think so.
- Personally, I agree.
- Is it good? No, it is not.
- It is for you
- See you in twenty minutes. Catch you
later.
- Bye. Bye, bye.
- Hi, how are you?
- Where are you from? I am from the Czech
Republic.

- Come in. Hi, how are you?
- Say hello to Peter.
- That's your bus. See you tomorrow
- Look after yourselves.
- It is all right. It is OK.
- Please be there.
- Are you Italian? No, I am from Spain.
- It is half past three.
- He is not here.
- Be good. Thanks, you too.
- How are you? I am fine, thanks. How are
you?
- How are you? I am fine, thank you.
- You are ready.
- I am afraid
- It is for us?
- Everything's ok.
- What's that? I don't know.
- How are you?
- Welcome to our world!
- He has a new car.
- Good morning. Good morning everybody.
- Have a good day. Thanks, you too.
- See you on Friday. Yes, see you.
- I am sorry.
- Thank you, madam.
- I don't know.
- Nice to meet you. And you.
- I'm fine.
- Have a nice day.
- Can you help us? Yes, of course.
- Are you from here?
- How old are you?
- How much is it? Five dollars fifty.
- Listen to me!
- one, two, three, four, five
- Have a nice day!

Lesson 08_chatting_context sentences_Key

- Sorry, I don't speak English.
- Goodbye, see you tomorrow.
- See you later. Bye!
- Can I have a look? Of course, go ahead. y.
- I am at home, but he is not.
- I will be at home.
- We hope to meet you soon.
- How much time is there for it?
- How much is it?
- Who is it?
- We are here.
- Can you see me?
- Excuse me, sir!
- We look forward to meeting you.
- Where are you from?
- Thank you, sir.
- I am from Europe.
- to be or not to be
- What is your name? My name is Paul.
- come to me
- Is it good? Yes, it is.
- for her, with her, to her
- See you on Monday.
- That's correct.
- Just relax. Take it easy.
- See you tomorrow.
- Good night, sweet dreams.
- Have a nice day. Thank you.
- Good afternoon. Good afternoon.
- It's nice to see you.
- Where are you going?
- I am sure about it.
- Do you understand?
- These people are here.
- Come and meet my mother.
- If you help me
- you and I
- What is your surname?
- It's late.
- Give me more.
- Have a nice weekend.
- How many languages do you speak?
- Désolé, je ne parle pas anglais.
- Au revoir, à demain.
- A plus tard. Au revoir !
- Puis-je jeter un coup d'oeil ? Bien sur, vas-
- Je suis à la maison, mais pas lui.
- Je serai à la maison.
- Nous espérons vous rencontrer bientôt.
- Combien de temps y a-t-il pour ça ?
- Combien ça coute ?
- Qui est-ce ?
- Nous sommes là.
- Peux-tu me voir ?
- Excusez-moi, monsieur !
- Nous avons hâte de vous rencontrer.
- D'où viens-tu ?
- Merci, monsieur.
- Je viens d' Europe.
- Etre ou ne pas être.
- Comment tu t'appelles ? Je m'appelle Paul.
- Viens vers moi.
- C'est bien ? Oui, c'est bien.
- pour elle, avec elle, à elle
- A lundi.
- C'est correct.
- Détends-toi. Ne t'inquiète pas.
- A demain.
- Bonne nuit, fais de beaux rêves.
- Bonne journée à toi. Merci.
- Bon après-midi à tous. Bon après midi.
- C'est un plaisir de vous voir.
- Où vas tu?
- J'en suis sûr.
- Comprenez-vous ?
- Ces gens sont là.
- Viens rencontrer ma mère.
- Si tu m'aides.
- Toi et moi.
- Quel est ton nom de famille ?
- Il est tard.
- Donne-moi plus.
- Bon week-end.
- Combien de langues parles-tu ?

- There is only one way.
- He is with you
- We hope to see you soon
- Don't hurry!
- Can I help you?
- What is your first name?
- Here you are. Thanks.
- Good night. Good night, sleep well.
- Good evening. Good evening. How was your day?

- See you later!
- Can I borrow your mobile phone?
- for them, about them, with them
- See you tomorrow. Bye!
- Good morning everybody.
- What is your name?
- Have a good time. Bye.
- Is it for me?
- I am pleased to meet you.
- Speak slowly, please.
- When are you here?
- I like it. Do you like it?
- Excuse me .. Yes? Can I help you?
- I must go.
- Where do you work?
- Now I know
- Good luck!
- Wait a minute!
- Please, help me!
- Are you coming? Just a minute!
- Which one is it?
- Why are you here?
- This is Paul. Nice to meet you, Paul.
- this or that
- What is it?
- It is a good film.
- Happy new year!
- Thank you very much. You're welcome.
- I think so.
- Personally, I agree.
- Is it good? No, it is not.
- It is for you
- See you in twenty minutes. Catch you later.

- Bye. Bye, bye.
- Hi, how are you?

- Il n'y a qu'une seule façon.
- Il est avec toi.
- Nous espérons vous voir bientôt
- Ne te presse pas !
- Puis-je vous aider ?
- Quel est ton prénom ?
- Tiens, voici. Merci.
- Bonne nuit à tous. Bonne nuit, dors bien
- Bonsoir à tous. Bonsoir. Comment s'est passée ta journée ?

- A plus tard !
- Puis-je emprunter ton téléphone portable ?
- pour eux, d'eux, avec eux.
- A demain. Au revoir !
- Bonjour tout le monde.
- Comment tu t'appelles ?
- Amuse-toi bien. Au revoir.
- C'est pour moi ?
- Je suis ravi de te rencontrer.
- Parlez lentement, s'il vous plaît.
- Quand es-tu là ?
- J'aime ça. Et toi, tu aimes ?
- Excusez-moi... Oui ? Je peux vous aider ?
- Je dois partir.
- Où travailles-tu?
- Maintenant, je sais.
- Bonne chance !
- Attends une minute !
- S'il vous plaît, aidez-moi !
- Tu viens ? Juste une minute !
- Lequel c'est ?
- Pourquoi es-tu ici ?
- C'est Paul. Enchanté de te rencontrer, Paul.
- Ceci ou cela.
- Qu'est-ce que c'est ?
- C'est un bon film.
- Bonne année !
- Merci beaucoup. De rien.
- Je pense que oui.
- Personnellement, je suis d'accord.
- C'est bien ? Non, ce n'est pas bien.
- C'est pour toi.
- Rendez-vous dans vingt minutes. A plus tard.

- Au revoir. Au revoir. Ciao !
- Salut, comment vas-tu ?

• Where are you from? I am from the Czech Republic.

- Come in. Hi, how are you?
- Say hello to Peter.
- That's your bus. See you tomorrow
- Look after yourselves.
- It is all right. It is OK.
- Please be there.
- Are you Italian? No, I am from Spain.
- It is half past three.
- He is not here.
- Be good. Thanks, you too.
- How are you? I am fine, thanks. How are you?

- How are you? I am fine, thank you.
- You are ready.
- I am afraid
- It is for us?
- Everything's ok.
- What's that? I don't know.
- How are you?
- Welcome to our world!
- He has a new car.
- Good morning. Good morning everybody.
- Have a good day. Thanks, you too.
- See you on Friday. Yes, see you.
- I am sorry.
- Thank you, madam.
- I don't know.
- Nice to meet you. And you.
- I'm fine.
- Have a nice day.
- Can you help us? Yes, of course.
- Are you from here?
- How old are you?

- How much is it? Five dollars fifty.
- Listen to me!
- one, two, three, four, five
- Have a nice day!

• D'où viens-tu ? Je viens de République tchèque.

- Entre. Salut, comment ça va ?
- Dis bonjour à Peter.
- C'est ton bus. A demain.
- Prenez soin de vous.
- Tout est correct.
- S'il te plaît, sois là.
- Tu es italien ? Non, je viens d'Espagne.
- Il est trois heures et demie.
- Il n'est pas ici.
- Prends soin de toi. Merci, toi aussi.
- Comment vas-tu ? Je vais bien, merci.

Comment vas-tu ?

- Comment vas-tu ? Je vais bien, merci.
- Tu es prêt(e).
- J'ai peur.
- C'est pour nous ?
- Tout va bien.
- Qu'est-ce que c'est ? Je ne sais pas.
- Comment ça va ?
- Bienvenue dans notre monde !
- Il a une nouvelle voiture.
- Bonjour à tous. Bonjour à tous.
- Bonne journée à toi. Merci, à toi aussi.
- A vendredi. Oui, à bientôt.
- Je suis désolé.
- Merci, madame.
- Je ne sais pas.
- Enchanté. Moi aussi.
- Je vais bien.
- Passe une bonne journée.
- Pouvez-vous nous aider ? Oui, bien sûr.
- Es-tu d'ici ?
- Quel âge as-tu ?
- Combien coûte cela ? Cinq dollars cinquante.
- Écoute-moi !
- un, deux, trois, quatre, cinq
- Passe une bonne journée !